Pets:

"How do we take Care of ourselves and others who are important in our lives?"



A Thematic Unit For Pre-Kindergarten by Michelle Dorey

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Introduction

The learning plan begins by looking at healthy ways to take care of ourselves and others. It will examine healthy ways to develop and maintain relationships. As well responsible pet ownership will be examined. Students will have the opportunity to look after a virtual class pet as an important member of the classroom community (a real pet is not allowed). A look at the importance of the bison to the First Nations people will be introduced as an example of different cultural views on animals. Each culture has different views about different animals. It is important to respect one another's views on animals. The concluding learning experience is an art experience where students will have the opportunity to demonstrate how they can put their learning into action. This concluding learning experience will take place on family day.

Throughout the unit my pre-intern partner and I will put together a power point presentation titled "Our Classroom Community". In this presentation, each student will have the opportunity to talk about who they are and who is important to them. It will also include pictures of the class engaged in learning and exploration from both learning plans. This section is titled "Our Classroom Community Working Together". On family day, parents will have the opportunity to view this presentation.

Rationale

Pets are different from other animals. They depend on humans to meet their needs. They have the same needs as humans. They need food, water, shelter and a sense of love and belonging. Humans need to respect their needs and are responsible to provide appropriate means to meet their needs. "Others" refers to either a pet or person because not everyone has a pet. The person that is important to them could be a family member, community member, friend or neighbour.

Advanced Preparation and Background Information

In order to properly prepare for this unit, many things needed to be considered in advance. In this section, a broad overview of what is needed and information to be considered is looked at. Each lesson also has specific advanced preparation notes.

An appropriate online website for a virtual pet needed to be looked at. A real pet was not an option for the class. Many websites lacked realistic features for a pet or some required downloading of software. Foopets.com was the most appropriate. A cat or dog could be adopted. The pet looks realistic. It barks, wags its tail and pants like a real dog or purrs and meows like a real cat. The pet needs to be fed and given water. They can be groomed. Interactive toys are provided to play with the pet. Foogems are like money that can be used to buy more food, toys, shampoo, medicine, etc. The Fooshelter lets you know if your pet needs medical attention. The Fooshelter also sends warnings to those who neglect their pet. A pet is seized by the Fooshelter after a few days of neglect. No software needed to be downloaded. A classroom visit prior to the teaching block allowed me to make sure this website was appropriate and would be available. The website link is provided on the resource area of this learning plan.

It is important for students to understand and respect various cultural views of different animals. This learning plan looks at the First Nation's cultures. The bison was an important animal to First Nation's communities. First Nation's communities have used bison for many things such as food, clothing and shelter. The resource area of this learning plan has a link to a website that talks about the First Nation's culture in respect to the bison. The Royal Saskatchewan Museum was contacted in advance. They have a loan kit available to teachers called *Ancient Technologies*. This loan kit provides real materials made from bison that the First Nation's once used. The Regina Public Library also had a kit called *Bison Supermarket*. It contains samples of fake bison fur, horn & hooves as well as information on the bison and a bison 3D puzzle. Both kits needed to be booked ahead of time.

An important part of this learning plan is how to take care of ourselves and others. Healthy eating, drinking water, adequate exercise and sleep are ways of caring for ourselves and others. *Eat, Run and Live Healthy by Karen Olson* explains these important steps in an easy format that Pre-Kindergarten can relate to. Students will have the opportunity to practice and discuss healthy behaviours throughout the learning plan during story, centers and physical education experiences. Proper pet care also needs to be considered. The Regina Humane Society provides a presentation on appropriate pet care and companionship. Their visit needed to be arranged ahead of time as there is one education coordinator at RHS and many classrooms that would appreciate her visit. They also have a loan kit available with additional resources that will be sent out during March. Anything appropriate that can be added to the learning plan will be. BrainPOP junior also has a video on pet care.

Although there is a lot to consider when preparing this learning plan, the most important are considered above. They are the ones that must be prepared ahead of time in order for the learning plan to take place. For more background information please see the resources area of this learning plan.

Comprehensive School Health Approach

An integral learning plan is one that considers each component of Comprehensive School Health (CSH) along with other learning components. All components of CSH have been considered when developing this learning plan. Below are descriptions of how each component of CSH have been considered.

- High Quality Teaching and Learning Throughout my learning plan I have consulted the Play and Exploration Guide. The guide emphasizes Holistic Learning and Development which I have carefully considered. This is an important component of early childhood education (ECE). I have also used a variety of instructional strategies such as experiential learning which is important in an ECE setting. I have also integrated First Nations content in this plan (see section on Aboriginal and Cross-Cultural Content). The adaptive dimension section of this plan also describes how I plan to adapt the teaching and learning taking place to suit my learner's needs.
- Healthy Physical Environment The Physical Development component of Holistic Learning and Development states how I plan to support my student's physical well being. At different times throughout this plan I will be using opportunities for teachable moments about health. For example, when they are at the sand table I will have the opportunity to talk to them about washing hands, not eating dog food and keeping sand in

the table. Through effective classroom management I plan to support the safety of their environment.

- 3. Supportive Social Environments Through the bulletin board students will have the opportunity to examine their community and family. The will have the opportunity examine about who is part of their community that extends beyond the classroom community. Family Day incorporates the family as part of the students learning. Families will have the opportunity to observe and participate in student's learning.
- 4. Community Engagements and Partnerships The Regina Humane Society (RHS) will be doing a presentation for the students called Friends for Life. The students will have the opportunity to learn healthy pet care and healthy behaviours towards animals. Students will also be able to learn how important RHS is to our community.

Adaptive Dimension

Student's learning needs play an important role in the learning process. It is important that every student have the opportunity to participate in and learn from this learning plan. Throughout this learning plan I have used different instructional strategies to try and meet the needs of all the learners. It is with differentiated instruction I hope to adapt to the student's different learning styles. Each lesson plan also has its own significant adaptive dimension requirement. Brain breaks are incorporated in lesson four. These brain breaks are not limited to lesson four. They may be used at any other time throughout the learning plan as needed. Also, with this learning plan I have considered the environment of the Pre-Kindergarten and early childhood program. It is an environment that incorporates play and exploration.

This learning plan has been developed in accordance with the *Play and Exploration: Early Learning Program Guide* which is a focus for the Pre-Kindergarten program. Children are naturally curious through play. They experience learning when they play and explore. Throughout this learning plan students are given different opportunities to learn through play. These are provided to the students as learning centers. There are six learning centers where students have the opportunity to learn through play and exploration.

Developing a sense of community is also an important part of the Pre-Kindergarten program. Through the bulletin board and community circle the students have the opportunity to share their knowledge, experiences and stories. They have the opportunity to feel valued as an important member of the classroom community. The community circle is used several times throughout the learning plan. It is not limited to these times. It can take place as often as needed depending on the student's needs. The bulletin board serves as a reference. It displays the classrooms community.

Also, throughout this learning plan I will monitor the effectiveness of my teaching as well as student's learning. I will make any necessary adaptations to my teaching strategies, the learning environment or learning content in order to ensure a positive learning experience.

Aboriginal and Cross-Cultural Content

This learning plan focuses on respect. Part of respect is valuing the ideas of other cultures. Different cultures have different ideas, values or beliefs about animals. It is important we respect other cultures opinions. In Saskatchewan, it is important to learn about the First Nation's culture as they play an important part in our provinces community and history. This learning plan looks at the First Nation's view of bison. In history, the bison have played an important role for First Nation's communities.

Another cross-cultural experience incorporated in this learning plan is that of the community circle. The community circle is based on the First Nation's talking circle. I feel that the community circle will help to build a sense of trust and respect among the classroom community. It will also help to create a more inclusive environment where students feel valued and appreciated. It will allow us (the students and I) to discuss topics in a more calming manner. The students are also familiar with community circles as I have done this with them in previous lessons. I use a bear named Color Bear instead of the traditional rock. Students are familiar with Color Bear from previous lessons.

Technology-Enhanced Learning

Technology is very important to incorporate in the classroom. It builds technological literacy and allows for a more enjoyable way of learning. I will be using technology by means of a virtual pet. I will also use technology by putting together a power point presentation along with my pre-intern partner. Each student will have the opportunity to talk about who they are and who is important to them. This presentation will be available for parent's to view on family day. The technology used in this learning plan gives students the opportunity to experiment with technology and have a better understanding of technology as well as enhance their learning.

Professional Development Plan

Throughout the next three weeks I will be focusing on my becoming a teacher. As my journey continues I will be examining my professional development. Although withitness is my main focus, below are a list of other areas I will be focusing on.

- Withitness teaching <u>every</u> child, eye contact, awareness of environment & experience, making appropriate adaptations
- Communication skills (includes giving directions & explaining) clarity, enunciation, emphasis, mannerisms, body language, appropriate language/vocabulary, define when necessary, use of visuals
- Classroom management respectful, safe and positive learning environment, explain reasoning
- Student motivation active participation, appropriate level of difficulty, teacher enthusiasm
- Questioning appropriate wait time, help clarify and explain, open and not closed questions, respectful

Holistic Learning and Development

- Diagram taken out of Play and Exploration Guide which is foundation for Pre-Kindergarten learning environments

<u>Socio-emotional Development</u> - "How do we take care of ourselves and are important in our lives?" bulletin board – self-concept, self-image & self-confidence -Community circle – interaction with others, social problem solving -"Who's Important To Me?" First learning experience – self-concept, self-image & self-confidence; self-control, self-regulation -All 5 centers – self-confidence; self-control & self-regulation; interaction with others Thereset	 <u>Physical Development</u> Creativiy Center – fine motor & others that perceptual skills Brain Breaks – personal health & safety; large muscle growth "How To Be Healthy" Third learning experience - personal health & safety "Exercise is Healthy" Physical Education learning experience x2 – large muscle growth, balance; personal health & -"That's my food!" Fifth learning experience – what's healthy for dogs 	
Spiritual Development - First Nations Bison Center – history of the First Nation's people of SK; learning about their natural world with real materials. - Photo Paint Center – using natural materials to paint & mixing colors promote curiosity & creativity - Math/Science center – exploring sand	How do e care of ves and that are nt in our - Photo Paint Center –	

Enhancing Learning Through

Language and Literacy:	Mathematical Literacy:
• "How do we take care of ourselves and	• "That's My Food!" – number sense, sorting
others who are important in our lives?"	• Virtual Pet – Responsibility Chart – number
bulletin board – viewing & representing	sense
• Book Center – viewing; emergent reading	Physical Development (Physical Education)
• Virtual Pet – viewing; emergent writing	Learning Experience x2– counting the
Community circle – listening & speaking	different body movements

Art Centers – representing	Community Circles – shapes (circle)
• All learning experiences – listening &	
speaking	
• "How to Be Healthy" Second learning	
experience & "Different Cultures, Different	
Ideas" Sixth learning experience – emergent	
reading & writing	
Physical Development (Physical Education)	
Learning Experience x2 – representing story	
through movement (drama)	

Foundational Objectives

- the following have been developed based on Holistic Learning and Development, Pre-Kindergarten Progress Report and the new or draft Kindergarten curriculum learning outcomes and indicators (new or draft depends on subject area as of March 2010)

Health

- 1. Develop basic habits to establish healthy relationships with self, others, and the environment (*draft*)
 - Develop language with which to wonder and talk about healthy behaviours.
 - Express what is known about healthy behaviours.
 - Ask questions and seek answers about healthy behaviours.
 - Share what is known about healthy relationships.

Arts Education

- 1. Create art works that express own observations and ideas about the world (draft).
 - Select from a variety of art materials, tools, and paper size when creating a visual art expression.

Language and Literacy Development (English Language Arts)

- 1. Viewing Enables children to use visual elements to construct meaning in what they are viewing.
- 2. Representing Enables children to communicate information, ideas and experiences through various forms of representation.
- 3. Listening and Speaking Enables children to learn to understand themselves and others.
- 4. Emergent reading and writing skills Enables children to notice and read symbols and to begin to express themselves in symbolic representations and written language.

Social Studies

- 1. Demonstrate an understanding of similarities and differences among individuals in the classroom (*draft*).
 - Identify and categorize the factors that make an individual unique.
 - Identify and categorize factors that individuals have in common, including basic physical needs that all people have.

• Identify individuals that are important in children's lives and explain why these individuals are important to them as individuals.

Mathematical Literacy (Mathematics)

- 1. Numeracy Development is a foundational aspect of mathematical literacy.
 - Knows quantity.
 - Sorts objects.
- 2. Say the whole number sequence by 1s starting anywhere from 0 to 10 and from 10 to 0.
 - State the whole number that comes after a given number, zero to nine.
 - State the whole number that comes before a given number, one to ten.
 - Recite the whole number names from a given number to a stated number using visual aids.
- 3. Recognize, at a glance, and name familiar arrangements of 1 to 5 objects, dots, or pictures.
 - Relate a numeral, 0 to 10, to its respective quantity.

Physical Development (Physical Education)

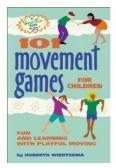
- 1. Physical activity is a foundational aspect of growth and well-being in children.
 - Participate in physical activity as an important part of healthy growth and development.

Resources

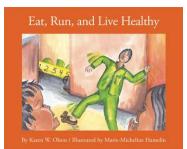
Royal Saskatchewan Museum educational resources http://www.royalsaskmuseum.ca/education/education_programs.shtml

Regina Human Society http://www.reginahumanesociety.ca/#

Regina Public Library http://www.rpl.regina.sk.ca/



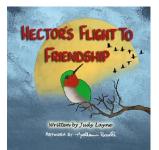
by <u>Wiertsema</u>, H. (2002). *101 Movement Games For Children: Fun And Learning With Playful Moving.* Alameda, CA: Hunter House, Inc. ISBN-10: 089793346X ISBN-13: 978-0897933469



Olson, K. (2005). *Eat, Run and Live Healthy.* British Columbia: Penticton Indian Band. ISBN 1-894778-32-4

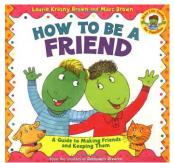


DeRolf, S. (1997). *The Crayon Box That Talked*. New York: Scholastic Inc. ISBN 0-590-81928-3



Layne, J. (2010). *Hector's Flight to Friendship*. New Line Press.

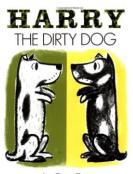
ISBN -10: 1892851245 ISBN -13: 978-1892851246



Krasny Brown, L. (2001). *How To Be A Friend: A Guide To Making Friends and Keeping Them.* New York: Little Brown Children's Books.

Glyman, C. A. (1992). Learning Your ABC of Nutrition. Forest House Publishing Company, Inc. ISBN-10: 1878363751 ISBN-13: 978-1878363756

Weisbrot, J. (1992). *Koko Is Lost.* Calgary, Alberta: Barndoor Publishing. ISBN 096965250X



by Gene Zion pictures by Margaret Bloy Graham

Zion, G. (2002). *Harry the Dirty Dog*. ISBN 0590062115

Plains Indians and the Bison http://www.saskschools.ca/~gregory/firstnations/bison.html by: J.Giannetta, June 2002 (updated April 2009)

FooPets – real virtual pets online <u>http://www.foopets.com/</u> by: 2010 FooMojo, Inc.

BrainPOP Jr. <u>http://www.brainpopjr.com/</u> *Brain Breaks: A Physical Activity Idea Book for Elementary Classroom Teachers* <u>http://www.emc.cmich.edu/brainbreaks/</u> by: Michigan Department of Education (2006)

Action Songs to Promote Learning - The Little Mice by Tim Christenbury http://www.songsforteaching.com/movement.htm by: 2002-2010 Songs for Teaching

Overview of Learning Experiences

	Learning Experi			T , , 1	
Name of	Subject	Learning	Reason/Purpose	Instructional	Brief Description
experience	Foundational	Objectives		Strategies	
	Objectives				
Opening	Social Studies:	 Students will 	The purpose of	Indirect	Students will
Learning	Demonstrate	identify	this learning	instruction –	paint a portrait of
Experience:	an	individuals	experience is for	reflective	themselves with
Photo Paint	understanding	who are	students to have	discussion	who is important
Center	of similarities	important in	a chance to		to them. The
	and differences	their lives.	create a portrait	Experiential	"who" can be a
	among		of who is import	learning -	person or a pet.
	individuals in		to them. This is	center	
	the classroom		an important part		
	(draft).		of the learning		
			plan as the photo		
			they bring to		
			class and portrait		
			they create will		
			be referred to		
			many times		
			during this		
			learning plan		
<mark>First</mark>	Social Studies:	• Students will	The purpose of	Indirect	In a community
Learning	Demonstrate	identify	this learning	Instruction –	circle students
Experience:	an	individuals	experience is to	reflective	will have a
Who's	understanding	that are	provide a safe	discussion	painting and/or
Important	of similarities	important in	space for		photo of who is
To Me?	and differences	their lives and	students where	Interactive	important to
	among	explain why	they can openly	Instruction -	them. They will

	individuals in the classroom (<i>draft</i>).	these individuals are important to them as individuals.	share who is important to them and why. A chance for them to share their story.	discussion	share with the rest of the class who is important to them and why.
Second Learning Experience: How To Be Healthy	Health: Develop basic habits to establish healthy relationships with self, others, and the environment (draft)	• Students will identify what is known about healthy behaviours.	The purpose of this learning experience is for students to start thinking and wondering what it means to be healthy. In order to take care of others one needs to start taking care of themselves. In order to do this we need to examine our basic needs.	Direct Instruction - reading	Students will listen to a story about our basic needs. Afterwards they will have the opportunity to discuss their learning.
Physical Education Learning Experience: Exercise is Healthy x2 (Mar. 11 & 18)	Physical Development (Physical Education): Physical activity is a foundational aspect of growth and well-being in children.	 Students will participate in physical activity. Students will identify physical activity as an important part of healthy growth and development 	In the learning experience prior the students learned different ways to be healthy. One of them is physical activity. This lesson gives students opportunity to explore how to be physically active.	Interactive instruction – discussion Experiential Learning – role playing	On Mar. 11 students will act out various movements to a story about a cat and a mouse. On Mar. 18 students will act out various movements to different version of Old MacDonald Had A Farm.
Third Learning Experience: That's My Food!	<u>Health:</u> Develop basic habits to establish healthy relationships with self,	• Students will express what is known about healthy behaviours related to dogs.	In the learning experience prior the students learned different ways to be healthy. One of them is eating	Experiential Learning – center, synectics Independent Study –	A puppy with a problem will be introduced to the students in the first week of the learning plan. Students will

- 41	0, 1, 11	haaldhar faala Ti	1	harra tha
others, and the	• Students will	healthy foods. It	learning	have the remainder of the
environment	understand	is important for	center	
(draft)	quantity.	animals too to		learning plan to
	• Students will	eat appropriate		explore in the
Math:	sort objects.	foods. This		sand center.
*Numeracy	• Students will	center is an open		
Development	able to count	ended learning		
is a	in sequence	experience where		
foundational	starting at any	conversations		
aspect of	number	around		
mathematical	between 0	appropriate pet		
literacy.	and 10.	care are open to		
*Say the whole		take place. The		
number		center		
sequence by 1s		incorporates		
starting		math as a way of		
anywhere from		organizing items		
0 to 10 and		and keeping		
from 10 to 0.		track of items.		
		Number sense is		
		an important part		
		of mathematical		
		literacy		
		especially in		
		early childhood.		
		It is done at the		
		sand table. Sand		
		play is an		
		important part of		
		an early		
		childhood		
		education		
		program. It is a		
		holistic sensory		
		experience that		
		allows children		
		to explore a		
		natural		
		substance.		
Fourth <u>Health:</u>	• Students will	The purpose of	Direct	The RHS gives
Learning Develop basic	demonstrate	this learning	Instruction -	presentations to
Experience: habits to	healthy	experience is for	lecture	various grade
Friends for establish	behaviours	students to have		levels about how
Life healthy	towards pets.	the opportunity	Interactive	to properly care
presentatio relationships		to talk with a	Instruction -	for a pet and

n	with self, others, and the environment (<i>draft</i>)		member of the community in relation to pets. This learning experience will allow students to become familiar with the RHS role in our community. RHS plays an important role in	discussion Experiential learning – field trip (RHS coming to class instead of going there)	develop a healthy friendship/relatio nship with a pet. RHS do a presentation called Friends For Life. Afterwards the students will have the opportunity of visiting with a real pet.
			our community by looking after pets and educating the public about pets. After all, pets that are well taken care of can be wonderful companions/frien ds!		
Fifth Learning Experience: Different cultures, different ideas	Social Studies: Demonstrate an understanding of similarities and differences among individuals in the classroom (<i>draft</i>).	• Students will respect others differences.	The purpose of this learning experience is for students to learn to respect and value everyone's ideas and uniqueness. Everyone is unique and has their own story to share. Every culture has their own values, beliefs and ideas about animals. It is important we respect other cultures opinions. In Saskatchewan, it is important to	Direct Instruction - reading Interactive instruction – discussion Experiential Learning – center/invitati on	Students will be introduced to culture center. A discussion about different cultures values of animals will take place. Students will have the opportunity to examine real bison hide and sewing kit. After reading about the value of everyone's uniqueness students will have the opportunity to discuss their own similarities, differences and

			learn about the First Nation's culture as they play an important part in our provinces community and history. The importance of the bison to the First Nation's community is an example of one culture's view on animals.		uniqueness and how this works with the classroom community.
Sixth Learning Experience	<u>Health:</u> Develop basic habits to establish healthy relationships with self, others, and the environment.	• Students will identify how to show respect as a way of expressing what is known about healthy behaviours.	The purpose of this learning experience is to put together all the students learning from the past three weeks. The big idea of this learning plan is respect. Students will have the opportunity to revisit their learning and identify what respect is.	Interactive instruction – discussion	After identifying the word respect students will have the opportunity to discuss what respect means.
Final Learning Experience:	Arts Education: Create art works that express own observations and ideas about the world (<i>draft</i>).	 Students will select from a variety of materials and tools to create a visual art expression. Students will experiment with new materials to create a visual 	The purpose of this lesson is for students to represent their learning over the last three weeks in visual art form. This experience is also intended for students to think differently. Paint	Experiential Learning - center Interactive Instruction - discussion	Students will have the opportunity to share with their parents what they have learned as part of the learning plan. Students will then use materials related to the learning plan to

art	does not need to	create a visual art
expression.	be applied only	representation of
	with a brush.	what they have
	Imagination and	learned.
	creativity are	
	important in	
	healthy	
	development.	
	Students are	
	encouraged to	
	engage in the	
	creative process.	
	This experience	
	will also be done	
	during Family	
	day as a way of	
	involving	
	community	
	outside the	
	classroom.	
	Parents/guardian	
	s will have the	
	opportunity	
	engage in their	
	child's learning.	
	This experience	
	is an engaging	
	way to celebrate	
	the student's	
	learning. Family	
	Day is an	
	important part of	
	the Pre-	
	Kindergarten	
	program.	

Learning experiences

The opening learning experience and first two learning experiences are set to be done during the first week to begin the unit. The fourth learning experience has a specific date. In order to plan this learning experience the presenter needed to be booked two months in advance. The final learning experience is set to be done on Family Day. The learning experiences in the middle have suggested dates but are not limited to theses dates. It is my intention to leave room to improvise depending on the needs of my learners. Most learning experiences are kept to a 15 minute minimum or include centers. Centers involve play and exploration which is an important component of the Pre-K program.

Opening Learning Experience

Teacher: <u>Michelle Dorey</u>

Activity: Photo Paint Center

Date: <u>March 8 & 9, 2010</u>

Grade: <u>Pre-Kindergarten</u>

Teaching Strategy:

- Indirect instruction reflective discussion
- Experiential learning center

Activity Purpose/Objectives:

The purpose of this activity is for students to have a chance to create a portrait of themselves with who is import to them. This is an important part of the learning plan as the photo they bring to class and portrait they create will be referred to many times during this learning plan Social Studies

• Students will identify individuals who are important in their lives.

Possible Learnings:

- Who is important to me
- Experience creative process how materials can be used
- What colors can be made when the primary colors

- Critical and creative thinking
- Personal and social values

<u>CCC's</u>

- Developing thinking
- Developing literacies

Equipment/materials:

• Paint – primary colors, paint brushes, 5x7 paper, paint shirts, newspaper, music if appropriate, tape/staple/funtac or something to hang photo up at bulletin board

Advanced Preparation:

- Gather more paint shirts, collect newspaper, cut paper into size, make sure at least the primary colors are available, check to see if music is appropriate, prepare bulletin board
- Explanation of learning plan and purpose of photos was sent to student's parents in March newsletter

Assessment:

• Document who student identifies as important in their lives

Adaptive Dimension:

• Have crayons or markers available for those that do not want to paint.

 <u>Procedure:</u> Set (during center time – about 3mins.): Have students come to center 2 at a time. Ask each student who is important (special) to them. Development (during center time – as long as they need): Ask student to paint you a picture of who they have identified in set. Closure (during center time – about 1min.): Have students bring photo and/or paintings to bulletin board. As you put up their picture, explain what part of bulletin board you are putting it on and why. 	 <u>Classroom Management Strategies:</u> Only 2 students at center at one time. Go over painting rules with students: keep paint on tables, paint on newspapers, use old t-shirts. Remind students to respect others art work. Everyone's creative process is different. Remind students to respect each other's personal space when painting. Perhaps appropriate music if appropriate at center time. Makes the process enjoyable rather than feeling like work.
 <u>Possible Variations/Extensions:</u> This center can be opened up at different times the would like. 	hroughout learning plan if student's

First Learning Experience

Teacher: Michelle Dorey

Date: <u>March 9, 2010</u>

Activity: <u>Who's Important To Me?</u>

Teaching Strategy:

- Indirect Instruction reflective discussion •
- Interactive Instruction - discussion

Grade: <u>Pre-Kindergarten</u>

Activity Purpose/Objectives:

Social Studies

• Students will identify individuals that are important in their lives and explain why these individuals are important to them.

Possible Learnings:

- Who is important to members of class.
- Everyone is an important member of the class. "I am valued and respected"

CE	L's:	CCC	<u>C's:</u>
•	Communication	•	Developing Identity and Interdependence
•	Personal and Social Values and Skills		

Equipment/materials:

- Student's pictures my pictures.
- Pointer if needed.

Advanced Preparation:

- Find an appropriate online virtual pet website and play around with it BEFORE learning plan begins!
- All pictures must be available from previous day.

Assessment:

• Anecdotal records - See anecdotal record 1 of assessment and evaluation part in learning plan.

Adaptive Dimension:

- It is okay if some wish not to share their story. Provide another opportunity during learning plan for them to share their story. Make sure all students feel comfortable.
- To help give pre-k's a visual or model to understand from, have partner and I bring our own photos of who's important and share with them also, children see us as part of the learning community.

 Procedure: Set (1min.): Have student's gather in circle at carpet area. Make sure they have their picture of them with who's important. Ask students to think about picture they have and who is in it. Tell students everyone will have a chance to share who is in their picture and why they are important. Development (10mins.): One at a time in the circle, have student's share who is in their picture and why they are important. Closure (5mins.): After everyone is done sharing, tell students for next 3 weeks they will have a class pet. This pet will be an important member of the class community. They we all be responsible for caring for the pet. Have class vote on color of 	 <u>Classroom Management Strategies:</u> Use talking rock or Color Bear as talking rock. Student's are familiar with this idea. They know who Color Bear is and have used this method in a previous lesson I did last semester. It will allow students to be respectful of each other's turn. This way everyone will have a chance to share their story. Discuss code of community circle.
animal.	
 <u>Possible Variations/Extensions:</u> Community circle can be done as often as needed throughout learning plan. As students develop more ideas of how they can be responsible perhaps a community circle is best way to express and share these ideas. Invite co-op and Educational Assistant to share who is important or add pictures to bulletin boards. 	
• Put pictures up on bulletin board for remainder of pictures home on family day.	of learning plan – students can take

• Set up virtual pet in evening. Introduce students to virtual pet center next day at center time.

Second Learning Experience

Teacher: <u>Michelle Dorey</u>

Date: <u>March 10, 1010</u>

Activity: <u>How To Be Healthy</u>

Grade: <u>Pre-Kindergarten</u>

Teaching Strategy:

• Direct Instruction - reading

Activity Purpose/Objectives:

Health

• Students will identify what is known about healthy behaviours.

Possible Learnings:

• Different ways one can be healthy.

CEL's:	CCC's:
Communication	Developing Social Responsibility
Critical and Creative Thinking	Developing thinking

Equipment/materials:

- Graphing paper, chart paper, pencil, markers, paper,
- Karen Olson's book.

Advanced Preparation:

- Make student check list.
- Get Karen Olson's book.

Assessment:

• Throughout learning plan observe and document if student is identifying appropriate healthy behaviours.

Adaptive Dimension:

• Students may have trouble understanding concept of "what they learned". Use language such as what was special about school today or what did you like about school today.

Procedure:	Classroom Management Strategies:
 Set (during story time - 2mins.): Show students <i>Eat, Run, and Live Healthy by Karen Olson.</i> Ask what they think the book will be about. Development (during story time - 5mins.): Read <i>Eat, Run, and Live Healthy by Karen Olson.</i> Closure (after story time - 5mins.): Do "What Did We Learn Today?" chart. Ask students if they learned anything from the story. 	 Have student's raise their hands. Make sure everyone has opportunity to contribute ideas. For those students who are not paying attention or are off task ask questions of what their thoughts are or if they can explain anything. When asking questions make sure you are not giving answers but encouraging students to think and examine situation. Do not give answers. Ask questions that lead students to come up with answers on their own.
 <u>Possible Variations/Extensions:</u> Discuss with students what foods are healthy. Recaroline A. Glyman next day during story time. It is a 	
 which foods contain them & how they help us. Do Physical education lesson during physical edulation learning phan Discuss healthy pet eating behaviours – introduc "What Did We Learn Today?" chart can be visited 	e sand center next day at centers.
 Do Physical education lesson during physical education lesson during physical education physical ed	e sand center next day at centers. ed every day before dismissal.
 Do Physical education lesson during physical edularning plan Discuss healthy pet eating behaviours – introduc "What Did We Learn Today?" chart can be visite 	e sand center next day at centers. ed every day before dismissal.

Teaching Strategy:

- Interactive instruction discussion
- Experiential Learning role playing

Activity Purpose/Objectives:

In the lesson prior the students learned different ways to be healthy. One of them is physical activity. This lesson gives students opportunity to explore how to be physically active

Physical Development (Physical Education)

- Students will participate in physical activity.
- Students will identify physical activity as an important part of healthy growth and development.

Possible Learnings:

- Different ways the body moves.
- Importance of being physically active.

CEL's:	<u>CCC's:</u>
Independent Learning	• Developing Identity and Interdependence
Communication	 Developing thinking
• Numeracy	 Developing literacies
Critical and Creative thinking	

Equipment/materials:

- Adequate space
- Story with write-up and pictures
- Page 68 101 Movement Games For Children: Fun and Learning with Movement by Huberta Wiertsema

Advanced Preparation:

- Rehearse story.
- Make sure adequate space is available.

Assessment:

- Observation Are all students participating in physical activity exercise? Do all students understand the importance of physical activity?
- Anecdotal Records Take sheet with student's names and write down observations during lesson.

Adaptive Dimension:

• Demonstrate actions students may not clearly understand.

Procedure:

Set (3mins.): Have students recall story read yesterday in story time. Discuss with students what it means to be physically active. What does it mean to be physically active? What are some ways we can be physically active? What are some ways we can help others be physically active? How can our class pet be physically active?

Development (10mins.): Do *The Little Mice by Tim Christenbury.* Tell students you are going to tell them a story about 3 mice and a cat. The story will have actions that students can do. Have different students demonstrate examples of the actions. Then repeat the story with the actions using the examples the students gave. Repeat again but now ask students to think of other ways the mice can move while the cat sleeps.

Closure (2mins.): Discuss with students different ways they move their body throughout story – what were our bodies doing? How were we moving? How many different ways did we move our bodies? Name the different ways and count them as a class.

The Little Mice by Tim Christenbury The old gray cat is sleeping, sleeping, sleeping, the old gray cat is sleeping in her bed.

The little mice are creeping, creeping, creeping, the little mice are creeping through the house.

The little mice are eating...all her food.

The little mice are climbing...on the cat.

The little mice are jumping...on her back.

The little mice are dancing...around the cat.

The old gray cat is waking...from her nap.

The little mice are hiding...from the cat.

The old gray cat is creeping...through the house.

Classroom Management Strategies:

- Make sure there is enough space to move around.
- Remind students to watch other's space be respectful of other's space.
- Encourage those who are not participating.
- Ask students who are not listening if they have any action ideas.

The little mice all scamperthrough the house.	
 <u>Possible Variations/Extensions:</u> Do another physical education exercise with a structure 	ory as students love stories.
• Enhance actions with more movement vocabulary such as how the body moves, where the body moves, with what or who the body moves.	
 Use intonation and exaggerated movements. See page 68 101 Movement Games For Children 	: Fun and Learning with Movement hy
Huberta Wiertsema	

Third Learning Experience

Teacher: <u>Michelle Dorey</u>

Date: _____center introduced March 11, 2010

Activity: _____ That's My Food! _____

Grade: <u>Pre-Kindergarten</u>

Teaching Strategy:

- Experiential Learning center, synectics
- Independent Study learning center

Activity Purpose/Objectives:

Health

• Students will express what is known about healthy behaviours related to dogs.

Mathematics

- Students will understand quantity.
- Students will sort objects.
- Students will be able to count in sequence starting at any number between 0 and 10.

Possible Learnings:

- How to be a good friend and help someone when they lost something.
- What the quantities of each number looks like.
- That the quantities of one number added to another equals a different number.

<u>CE</u> • • •	<u>L's:</u> Numeracy Independent learning Critical and creative thinking Personal and social values and skills communication	 <u>CCC's:</u> Developing Literacies Developing thinking Developing social responsibility 	
Equ	ipment/materials:		
•	At least 40 bones.		
•	stuffed puppy		
•			
•	• 4 Pails and 4 shovels to help dig bones.		
•	• Leaves		
•	• Marbles		
•	• Rocks		
•	Seashells		
Ad	vanced Preparation:		
•	Gather materials		
•	• Make sure sand table is available and clean.		
Ass	sessment:		
•	Checklist and anecdotal records – see checklist and anecdotal record 2 in assessment and		
	evaluation part of learning plan.		
•			
	learning plan.		
Ada	aptive Dimension:		
•	Have math manipulatives such as cubes avail	6	
•	Students may have trouble understanding con		
	such as what was special about school today	or what did you like about school today.	

Set (just before center time – 5mins.): Take students to sand center. Introduce center to	• Only 4 at a time at the center. 2
students. Tell students this puppy (stuffed puppy) has been playing in the sand center and lost all his dog food. If they could please help the puppy by finding his dog food. If they find something they think dogs can eat they can put it in a bucket. If they find something dogs do not eat they can put it back in the sand. Once they are done at the center they can count their dog food. Then they can dump their pail and bury the dog food for the next person who comes to the sand center. Development (during center time): Students can explore at sand table. Closure (5mins.): Do "What Did We Learn Today?" chart. Ask if students learned anything at sand center.	 can work alone with 1 puppy or 2 can work together with 1 puppy. Remind students the bones are dog food only and not to eat. Discuss with students why this might be so. Use talking rock or Color Bear as talking rock. Student's are familiar with this idea. They know who Color Bear is and I have used this method in a previous lesson I did last semester. It will allow students to be respectful of each other's turn. Everyone will get a chance to contribute their ideas.
Possible Variations/Extensions:	
 This center will remain open during center time f "What Did We Learn Today?" chart can be visited 	

- "What Did We Learn Today?" chart can be visited every day before dismissal.
- As student's are playing at this center ask different questions such how many do you have in total, etc. remember though to not come across as a teacher with the answers. When asking them, play and learn with them. Also, discuss the properties of sand how does it feel, what does it look like, what does it sound like, etc. as well as important healthy pet care behaviours why should dogs not eat or play with some items, etc.

Fourth Learning Experience

Teacher: <u>Michelle Dorey</u>

Date: March 15-17, 2010

Activity: Friends for Life presentation

Grade: <u>Pre-Kindergarten</u>

Teaching Strategy:

- Direct Instruction lecture
- Interactive Instruction language experience approach
- Experiential learning field trip (RHS coming to class instead of going there)

Activity Purpose/Objectives:

* The purpose of this learning experience is for students to have the opportunity to talk with a

member of the community in relation to pets. This learning experience will allow students to become familiar with the RHS role in our community. RHS plays an important role in our community by looking after pets and educating the public about pets. After all, pets that are well taken care of can be wonderful companions/friends!* Health

• Students will demonstrate healthy behaviours towards pets.

Possible Learnings:

- How to properly care for animals.
- How to approach animals.
- Proper hygiene when around animals.

CEL's:	CCC's:
Personal and Social Values and Skills	Developing Social Responsibility
Communication	• Developing thinking

Developing literacies

Equipment/materials:

- Proper hand washing and sanitizing equipment.
- Book Koko Is Lost by Judith Weisbrot
- Crayons and paper.

Advanced Preparation:

- Arrange in advance for RHS to come. Confirm with RHS.
- Make sure to speak to students about rules and regulations BEFORE presentation.

Assessment:

• Keep track of what their answers are to the question when students are participating in language experience approach.

Adaptive Dimension:

- This is a long lesson for pre-k. Have at least 3 short, 30sec. 1min. Brain breaks. Can do them at 10mins. intervals. Brain breaks to do during lesson should class get restless. Mention this to RHS before presentation.
- Brain Breaks: Head and Shoulders, Knees and Toes start out slow then go to fast

Procedure: Set (15mins. – during story time day before): Read <i>Koko Is Lost by Judith Weisbrot</i> . Ask students if they know what the humane society is? Explain if they do not know what it is (place where homeless –may have to explain homeless- animals are looked after until they can find a home). Remember in story Koko had no place to go. Her owners moved away without Koko. Then a van picked up Koko	 <u>Classroom Management Strategies:</u> Remind students of respectfulness towards class guest. Remind students to wash their hands. Take students 4 at a time for language experience approach. For those students who are not
 place to sleep until new owners found her and took her to a new home. This is what RHS does. Discuss with students how to behave when a guest speaker is presenting – marshmallows and listening ears. Talk to students about washing hands before and after touching pet visitor. Talk to students about asking before touching pet visitor. Development (during half day teaching - 45mins.): Regina Humane Society will give a presentation called <i>Friends For Life</i>. Students will have the opportunity to visit with pet visitor. Closure (1hr during center time day after): Do 	 paying attention or are off task ask questions of what their thoughts are or if they can explain anything during story. During presentation incorporate brain breaks if students appear to be restless. When asking questions make sure you are not giving answers but encouraging students to think and examine situation. Do not give answers. Ask questions that lead students to come up with answers on their own.
language experience approach. Ask students to recall on presentation. Ask student to think of one or more things they can do to properly care for a pet. Have students draw answer. Below their drawing write sentence for student about their drawing.	

Possible Variations/Extensions:

- Once students are done language experience approach. Afterwards, have them put their name on underneath an orange cat on paper. I will put the cats in a book with a thank-you message for the RHS presenter.
- Put students drawings with sentence into a book for each class. Have book available at book center.
- Read *Harry the Dirty Dog by Gene Zion* at story time the day of the presentation. It discusses health hygiene for dogs.

Physical Education Learning Experience

Teacher: ____Michelle Dorey _____

Date: March 18, 2010

Activity: excercise is healthy

Grade:_Pre-Kindergarten_____

Teaching Strategy:

- Interactive instruction discussion/brainstorming
- Experiential Learning role playing

Activity Purpose/Objectives:

This lesson will give the students the opportunity to practice being physically active as a way of being healthy,

Physical Development (Physical Education)

- Students will participate in physical activity.
- Students will identify physical activity as an important part of healthy growth and development.

Possible Learnings:

- Different ways the body moves.
- Importance of being physically active.

CEL's:	<u>CCC's:</u>	
Independent Learning	• Developing Identity and Interdependence	
Communication	• Developing thinking	
Numeracy	Developing literacies	
Critical and Creative thinking		

Equipment/materials:

- Adequate space
- Story with write-up Page 68 101 Movement Games For Children: Fun and Learning with Movement by Huberta Wiertsema
- Lyrics from http://www.emc.cmich.edu/brainbreaks/activity/4-2.pdf

Advanced Preparation:

- Rehearse story.
- Make sure adequate space is available.
- Get lyrics from http://www.emc.cmich.edu/brainbreaks/activity/4-2.pdf

Assessment:

- Observation Are all students participating in physical activity exercise? Do all students understand the importance of physical activity?
- Anecdotal Records Take sheet with student's names and write down observations during

lesson.

Adaptive Dimension:

• Use visuals and demonstrations if needed.

<u>Procedure:</u> Set (3mins.): Discuss with students what it means	 <u>Classroom Management Strategies:</u> Make sure there is enough space to
to be physically active. What does it mean to be	move around.
physically active? What are some ways we can be	• Remind students to watch other's
physically active? What are some ways we can	space – be respectful of other's
help others be physically active? How can our class	space.
pet be physically active?	• Encourage those who are not
	participating. Ask those students
Development (10mins.): Do Old Miss D. Had A	what action they want to do and
Class. Ask students to recall the tune of Old	have demonstrate it.
MacDonald Had a Farm. Tell them we will sing a	• Ask students who are not listening if
new song to the same tune. The song is about our	they have any action ideas.
class and the different ways we can move. Sing it	
for them first then have them sing with you. Ask different students to demonstrate different actions.	
Ask different students to think of different actions.	
Ask different students to timik of different actions.	
Closure (2mins.): Discuss with students different	
ways they move their body throughout song – what	
were our bodies doing? How were we moving?	
How many different ways did we move our bodies?	
Name the different ways and count them as a class.	
Lyrics to Old Miss D. Had A Class	
Ol' Miss D. had a class, E-I-E-I-O	
And in that class they did some jumping jacks E-I-	
E-I-O	
With a jumping jack here and a jumping jack	
there, here a jumping	
jack, there a jumping jack, Everywhere a jumping	
jack	
Ol' Miss D. had a class, E-I-E-I-O (Repeat with a	
different activity)	

Possible Variations/Extensions:

- Enhance actions with more movement vocabulary such as how the body moves, where the body moves, with what or who the body moves.
- Use intonation and exaggerated movements.
- See page 68 101 Movement Games For Children: Fun and Learning with Movement by Huberta Wiertsema

Fifth Learning Experience

Teacher: <u>Michelle Dorey</u>

Date: March 22, 2010

Activity: Different Cultures, Different Ideas

Grade: <u>Pre-Kindergarten</u>

Teaching Strategy:

- Direct Instruction reading
- Interactive instruction discussion
- Experiential Learning center/invitation

Activity Purpose/Objectives:

Social Studies

• Students will respect others differences.

Possible Learnings:

- Importance of bison to First Nation's communities; different uses of bison.
- Everyone is unique important member of classroom community.

CEL's:	CCC's:
Critical and Creative Thinking	• Developing Identity and Interdependence
Personal and Social Values and Skills	Developing social responsibility
Communication	Developing thinking
Independent learning	Developing literacies

Equipment/materials:

- Tanned Hides 2 (Brain-Tanned & Smoke-Tanned)
- Cordage Samples 4 (Spruce root, Sinew, Shaganappi, & Babiche)
- Sewing Kit in Leather Pouch (Sinew, Bone Awl, Bone needle, & Sharpening Stone)
- Book The Crayon Box That Talked by Shane DeRolf

- Bison supermarket kit bison puzzle, bison horns, fur, hooves, bison information, bison tracer, bison map
- Mini globe
- Ms. L.'s picture of her and her horse
- Class tipi
- My picture of me and my Budgie

Advanced Preparation:

- Get book.
- Arrange to have materials loaned from Royal Saskatchewan Museum.
- Borrow Bison Supermarket kit from library
- Set up cultural center

Assessment:

- Anecdotal record See anecdotal record 1 of assessment and evaluation part of learning plan.
- Documentation. Use photos and anecdotal records to document learning throughout learning plan.

Adaptive Dimension:

• Refer to pre-intern partner's lesson/unit if students are having trouble relating to book.

Procedure:

Set (during center time): Introduce Culture Center to students. Allow Students to explore at culture center.

Development (15mins.): Have students sit in a community circle. Talk to students about how different people value different animals (some have pets, some pets are working pets and some animals are special to some cultures). Discuss with students about how Ms. L. 2nd learning experience shared with us her pet horse who is important to her (her horse is a working horse that helps her round up the cows on her farm). Have Ms. L. show the class her picture again. Discuss with students how in Canada Budgies are pets but in Australia Budgies are wild animals (like Crows, Robins and Canada Geese are in Canada). Use mini globe to refer to Canada and Australia. Show students bison statue. Discuss/ask what animal it is. Put First Nations sinew and sewing kit in middle of circle. Have Bison Map available. Discuss how before First Nations lived

Classroom Management Strategies:

- Use talking rock or Color Bear as talking rock. Students are familiar with this idea. They know who Color Bear is and I have used this method in a previous lesson I did last semester. It will allow students to be respectful of each other's turn. Everyone will get a chance to contribute their ideas.
- Only 4-6 students at center at one time.
- Allow students time to touch sewing kit and hide as they appreciate hands on learning.

in houses they lived in tipi's. Have students recall	
the class tipi and how in November they put their	
handprints on the material. Tell students the	
material is made from Bison hide. The Bison is an	
important animal to First Nations people. Discuss	
different ways First Nations used Bison by referring	
to Bison map, sinew and sewing kit	
Closure (5mins.): Read The Crayon Box That	
Talked by Shane DeRolf. After the story tell	
students they are like the crayons in the crayon box	
and the classroom is like the crayon box. Ask how	
this is possible? Discuss with students how each	
person is unique. Refer to Ms. L.'s story from	
Thursday on different cultures as well as earlier	
discussion of different peoples uses and values of	
animals. Remind students that even though we are	
unique it is okay and we can all work and play	
together in the same classroom community.	
Possible Variations/Extensions:	
• Center can be available till end of March.	

- Ask students as they examine the center if they can see other uses for the bison.
- Do another lesson on another culture's perspective of animals.
- The school has a mural of a Cree tipi in the front hall. I have done 2 previous lessons with them on the tipi. 1 on tipi material and 1 on tipi pole meanings. If students are having trouble remembering tipi material lesson then refer to these lessons and revisit tipi mural in hall. Previous lesson on tipi materials: the material around the tipi was made from bison hide. Wear shawl again to help with remembering (tipi material is like a woman's shawl). As students explore at center, talk to them about the different uses for the bison.

Sixth Learning Experience

Teacher: <u>Michelle Dorey</u>

Date: <u>March 24, 2010</u>

Activity: <u>Respect</u>

Grade: <u>Pre-Kindergarten</u>

Teaching Strategy:

• Interactive Instruction – discussion

Activity Purpose/Objectives:

Health

• Students will identify how to show respect as a way of expressing what is known about healthy behaviours.

Possible Learnings:

• What respect means and how to show respect

<u>CE</u> • •	<u>CL's:</u> Communication Critical and creative thinking Personal and Social Values and Skills	 <u>CCC's:</u> Developing thinking Developing identity and interdependence Developing literacies Developing social responsibility 				
Eq	uipment/materials:					
•	Photo paint portraits from opening activity					
•	• <i>Respect</i> poster from RHS					
Ad	Advanced Preparation:					
•	Get poster from borrow kit from RHS					
As	Assessment:					
•	• Use anecdotal record 2.					
•	Documentation. Use photos and anecdotal records to document learning throughout					
	learning plan.					
Adaptive Dimension:						
•	• Use any materials necessary from previous learning experiences in learning plan to help give visuals for students.					
	visuals for students.					

Possible Variations/Extensions:

• Students will have opportunity to look at books made during center time.

Final Learning Experience

Teacher: <u>Michelle Dorey</u>

Date: March 26, 2010

Activity: <u>Art Exploration Center</u> Grade: <u>Pre-Kindergarten</u>

Tea	ching Strategy:				
•	Experiential Learning - center				
•	Interactive Instruction - discussion				
	ivity Purpose/Objectives:				
Arts	Education				
•	Students will select from a variety of materia	ls and tools to create a visual art expression.			
•	Students will experiment with new materials	to create a visual art expression.			
Pos	sible Learnings:				
•	What pet's eat, play with and use to keep clea				
•	Experience creative process – how materials can be used				
•	What colors can be made when the primary c	olors			
<u>CEI</u>	<u>CEL's:</u> <u>CCC's:</u>				
•	Critical and Creative Thinking	Developing Thinking			
•	Communication	Developing literacies			
•	Technological literacy	• Developing identity and interdependence			
•	Personal and social value and skills	 Developing social responsibility 			
•	Independent learning				
Equ	Equipment/materials:				
•	Pet related items to paint with – feathers, bones – rawhide, stamps with animal prints – bird,				
	fish, cat and turtle, mouse toy balls, dog rope toy				
•	Pet materials from math/science center – milk bones				
•	Paints				
•	Paint shirts				

• Paper, newspaper

Advanced Preparation:

- Gather materials.
- Get sponges animal print stamps. Make stamps.
- Create space for center. Set up prior to class beginning.

Assessment:

• Documentation and observation - Use photos and anecdotal records to document learning

Adaptive Dimension:

• Allow student to use paint brush if they are allergic to materials are detest painting with materials available. Encourage student to do project as is.

 <u>Procedure: to be done during family day</u> Set (5mins.): Have students share their answer of big question with their parents/guardians. Let the parents/guardians view the bulletin board and other samples of the learning that has taken place. Show power point presentation first. Development (15mins.): Introduce activity. Tell students they are going to paint what they have learned. Tell students they cannot paint with paint brushes and must use pet related materials to paint with. Tell them to enjoy exploring painting with the materials. They can do this during center time. Encourage them to be as creative as they want. Closure (5mins.): As students are finishing their paintings, talk with them about their paintings. 	 Classroom Management Strategies: Remind students to keep paint in paint area. Use paint shirts. If appropriate music is available and it is allowed, put music on. Kindly remind parents that the main point of the exercise is to explore and be creative with new tools to paint with.

Possible Variations/Extensions:

- As students are painting discuss with them what materials are usually used for.
- This will be done during family day.

Experiential Learning Centers

- The following centers have been developed based on <u>Better Beginnings, Better Futures:</u> <u>Effective Practices Policy and Guidelines for Prekindergarten in Saskatchewan</u>. The policy and guidelines outlined in this document complement the <u>Play and Exploration Guide</u>.

Name of Center	Activities at Center & Purpose of Center	Length of Time Center is Set up and When it May be Accessed	Location of Center	Supplies Needed
Language Literacy Centers "How do we take care of ourselves and others who are important in our lives?" bulletin board	 Shared with pre- intern partner who is doing unit on identity. Her big question is "Who Am I?" Board will be divided into 4 sections like an x: The top section is "Who Am I" Bottom section is "Whose Important To Me" The left side is "Family" The right side is "Community" There will also be a section to right side called "What Did We Learn?" This section will be filled in during last 5mins. of each day by students with help of teacher(s). Photos, drawings & paintings will be posted here Big question will be posted here. Lists and diagrams from learning 	This center will go up the first day of the March block and remain up until last day of March block. Students are invited to examine the bulletin board at any time during centers. Each day at end of day there will be a chance to revisit big question & discuss what was learned for day under "" section	On wall beside reading chair at circle time area.	 Letters premade by my partner & I Note was sent to parents in March newsletter for students to bring photo of student and who (pet or person) is important to student. If students do not have a photo they will have opportunity to paint themselves with who (pet or person) is important to them at paint center
	nom rearining			12

	 experiences will be posted here. Purpose: provides a visual of the important members of the classroom community are. It gives students a chance to revisit the learning taking place. It shows how the learning taking place relates to the big question. Encourages language and literacy development as part of holistic development in the Play and Exploration Guide as well as socio-emotional. 			
<u>Library/Private</u> <u>Quiet Space</u> Book Center	 Students will have the opportunity to look at books pertaining to the learning plan topic. Some books will be used in some learning experiences. Purpose: Gives students opportunity to view books pertaining to topic. Encourages students language and literacy development as part of holistic development in the 	• It will be set up the first day of the March block and remain set up for the rest of the March block. This center may be accessed during center time.	It will be located on the shelves by the bulletin board.	 The Crayon Box That Talked by Shane DeRolf. Eat, Run, and Live Healthy by Karen Olson Living Safe, Playing Safe by Karen Olson Hector's Flight to Friendship by Judy Layne How To Be A Friend: A

	Play and Exploration guide			 Guide To Making Friends and Keeping Them by Laurie Krasny Brown Other books collected from the school library that pertain to being healthy and pet care. This is a shared center with my pre- intern partner.
<u>Math & Science</u> <u>Literacy Center</u> Sand Table – "That's my food!"	 This center will be introduced during the fifth learning experience. It may be accessed during center time. Purpose: Encourages students developing math literacy as part of holistic development in the Play and Exploration guide. Helps develop number strand NK.1 according to the new Kindergarten curriculum. Helps develop physical science OMK.1 according to draft Kindergarten 	This center will be available after third learning experience and for the remainder of the March block.	It will be at the Sand Table.	 At least 40 bones. 1 stuffed puppy with a problem 4 pails 4 shovels Leaves Sand Seashells Rocks Marbles

<u></u>	curriculum.			
<u>Cultural</u> <u>Literacy Center</u> Discovery and Inquiry - First Nation's Bison Center and Culture Center	 Students will be able to explore hands on different ways the bison is important to First Nation's communities. This center will be introduced with the fifth learning experience. It will be available during center time Purpose: Each culture has different views on animals. It is important to learn to respect different cultural ideas. Encourages student's spiritual development as part of holistic development in the Play and Exploration guide. 	This center will be available after this learning experience and for the remainder of the March block.	It will be located at the tables.	 Tanned hide Bison supermarket kit from library– bison puzzle, bison horns, fur, hooves, bison tracer Bison "map" – shows what parts of bison were used for what This all added to culture materials partner has. Together it makes up culture center.
<u>Creativity Center</u> Photo Paint Center	• Students who were not able to bring photo of themselves and who (pet or person) is important will have opportunity to paint a portrait instead. Once these students are done then it may be accessed by others that did bring a	This center will be set up for first day only. It will only be set up on other days as needed. This activity will be done during center time. It will be introduced with the opening learning	At student tables.	 Paint Paint brush Water 5x7 paper Old t-shirts to paint in Newspaper to cover tables

•	photo. This center is the opening learning experience of the learning plan. This center focuses on the creative process. Purpose: so all students are able to have portrait of themselves with who is important to them. No student is excluded from the learning plan. Encourages physical development as part of holistic	experience.		
	development in Play and Exploration guide.			
<u>Technology-</u> incorporated <u>Center</u> Virtual Pet		It will be	This is	Class
Center	time will be responsible to take care of the class pet during center time. At least 2 people must look after class pet each day. They must check off what responsibilities for the class pet they have completed on the virtual pet responsibility graph and sign their name. Purpose: Students will have	available after the second learning experience and for the rest of the March block.	located behind the sand table at the class computer	computer

opportunity to show understanding of what they learned about health and caring towards an important member of the class community. Encourages student's intellectual development as part of holistic development in the Play and Exploration guide as well as mathematical and language and literacy development. Helps develop math revised outcome NK.2 according to the Kindergarten curriculum.

Assessment and Evaluation

Since play and exploration are an important part of the pre-kindergarten program, documentation is the most appropriate means of assessment. Documentation through observation, pictures (may include some video) and anecdotal records will be used as the main form of assessment throughout this learning plan. Documentation will allow an ongoing assessment of students learning as they play and explore. It allows me to see students progress in learning throughout the learning plan. It also allows me to assess my teaching strategies, the learning environment and my students learning needs. Documentation can help me make any necessary adaptations to the learning plan. Some areas of the learning plan include checklists to ensure specific objectives are met. In the assessment area of each lesson plan specific details of the assessment criteria are mentioned.

Language and Literacy Development (English Language Arts) is incorporated throughout learning plan. It is incorporated in a way that supports and enhances the students developing language and literacy skills. Throughout the learning plan I will observe and document the students language and literacy development as a way of assessing this area. I will also use anecdotal records to help me document. Below is a list of the things I will be looking for.

Language and Literacy list

Viewing:

- Comprehends and responds to visual text. Examples: book center, virtual pet, bulletin board, etc.

Representing:

- Able to communicate information, ideas and experiences using different mediums such as painting, drawing, photos, movement (drama), etc.

Listening and Speaking:

- Listens and follows directions from others.
- Speaks in sentences and phrases.
- Speaks clearly.

Emergent Reading and Writing:

- Understands concepts about print such as book-handling skills and reading-like behaviours.
- Shows an interest in stories through book center, etc.
- Experiments in writing name through virtual pet center, etc.

*Anecdotal Record 1(am class)

Students Name	Participates in discussion in relation to topic.

*Anecdotal Record 1(pm class)

*Checklist and anecdotal record 2(am class)

Student	Shows understanding	Correctly sorts objects.	Able to count in sequence.
Names	of quantity. Provide example of how.	Puts pet food into pail. Puts non pet food back in sand box.	Able to count in sequence. Is able to identifies next number of sequence (either forwards or backwards) when starting anywhere from 0-10 or 10-0.

Checklist and anecdotal record 2(pm class)

Student	Shows understanding	Correctly sorts objects.	Able to count in sequence.
Names	of quantity. Provide example of how.	Puts pet food into pail. Puts non pet food back in sand box.	Is able to identifies next number of sequence (either forwards or backwards) when starting anywhere
			from 0-10 or 10-0.

Checklist 3 (am class)

Students Name	Participates in conversation. Says something appropriately related to conversation on respect.

Checklist 3 (pm class)

Students Name	Participates in conversation. Says something appropriately related to conversation on respect.